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Resazurinmicrotitre assay (REMA) for antibacterial and antifungal activity of herbs of three antidiarrhoeal formulations: Bilagyl® and Berbenterone® tablets and Berbenterone® suspension

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Bilagyl^{*}, Berbenterone^{*} tablets and Berbenterone^{*} suspension are Ayurvedic formulations used for antidiarrhoeal therapy. Herbs present in these formulations [*Aegle marmelos (Bilwaphal), Berberis aristata (Daruharida), Punica granatum (Dadimtvak), Holarrhena antidysenterica (Kutajchal), Syzygium aromaticum (Lavang), Myristica fragrans (Jaiphal), Quercus infectoria (Maiphal), <i>Cyperus rotundus (Nagarmotha), Aconitum heterophyllum (Ativisha), Embelia ribes (Vidang)*] were subjected to various extraction procedures and the extracts were investigated by Resazurinmicrotitre assay (REMA) against *Salmonella Typhi, Escherichia coli, Staphylococcus aureus, Shigella flexneri and Candida albicans.* All plants investigated showed anti-infective activity but only certain extracts of the herbs investigated were active. Some extracts showed only antibacterial activity while some extracts showed both antibacterial and antifungal activity. Hexane extract of *Embelia ribes* (Vidang) showed lowest MIC values against *E. coli* (0.190-0.381 μg/ml), *S. flexneri* (0.190-0.381 μg/ml), and S. Typhi (3-6 μg/ml). Chloroform extract of Myristica fragrans (Jaiphal) and *Quercus infectoria* (Maiphal) showed lowest MIC value against *C. albicans* (24.4-48.8 μg/ml). Ciprofloxacin [MIC values: *E. coli* (0.01-0.02 μg/ml), *S. flexneri* (0.04-0.08 μg/ml), *S. aureus* (0.08-0.16 μg/ml) and S. Typhi (0.04-0.07 μg/ml)] and fluconazole (MIC against *C. albicans* is 4.8-9.7 μg/ml) were used as standard antibacterial and antifungal agents, respectively.

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